

Department of Political Science

Programme Outcome (PO)

Department of Political Science

(Honours)

- 1. Plan and creation ---after the completion of the programme the students of political science will be able to acquire the basic knowledge and able to design as well as run various projects and produce research based papers.**
- 2. Evaluation and comprehension skills -By the end of the programme the students of political science would be able to determine how to apply the acquired knowledge to the present geo political scenario and would be able to evaluate the course.**
- 3. Critical Analysis of the programme – After the entire session the students of political science would be develop an analytical bent of mind while discussing any of the issues they learnt during the programme.**
- 4. Application of the programe- By the end of the programme the students from the department of political science would develop awareness regarding the politics, society, race, religion, gender and culture of the state. They would apply knowledge and information in these entire aforesaid fields.**
- 5. Understanding Society and Politics --By the end of the structured programme the students of the department political science will be able to connect with the present scenario with the past and would be able to understand that how politics impacts and change the dimension of socio-political issues.**
- 6. Development of Awareness of Human rights- students would be able to relate society and power politics regarding of human rights.**

7. **Consciousness of the politics with environment-** By the end of the programme the students would become well informed about core and peripheral activities of global politics which can affect the environment in various manners.

8. **Outcome in career advancement-** After the end of the programme the students of political science would be able to prepare and sit for competitive civil services examinations. Students would be able to find opportunities in active political participation in any legislature.

Course Outcomes

Semester 1

Core Course 1- Understanding Political Theory: Concepts

Core Course 2- Understanding Political Theory: Approaches and Debates

Course Outcomes- CC1-The students would be able to understand political theory of State, Nation, Sovereignty, laws, Democratic features, and laws of the nation state and nature of citizenship.

CC2- The students would have an understanding of Normative-Legal-Institutional, Empirical- Behavioral approaches. Students would be able to grasp Colonial, Post-Colonial approaches, Feministic approach, Marxian approach, Party system etc.

Semester-2

CC-3 Constitutional Government of India

CC4- Politics in India: Structures and Processes

Course Outcomes- CC3- Understanding of Constitution and Fundamental Duties and Directive Principles, Nature of Indian Federalism, Election, Positions and Functions of President, Vice-President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers. Apart from these, students will be able to understand Legislature of India, Judiciary and Constitutional Amendments.

CC4 – Understanding of various party system and their features and trends, electoral process and role of different business groups in India.

Semester3 –

CC5 Indian Political Thought-I

CC6 Comparative Government and Politics

CC7- Perspectives on International Relations

SECA1- Democratic awareness through Legal Literarcy

Course Outcomes-

CC5- Understanding and analyzing the ancient Indian Political ideas, Kautilya and Dandaniti, Medieval political thought in India and Syncretism. Apart from these, students will be introduced with the thought of Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay, Vivekananda and Rabindranath Tagore and M.K.Gandhi.

CC6- By the end of the course the learner will be able to evaluate and compare and analyse the various aspects of political theories and systems. Besides, they will grasp the knowledge on classifications of political systems and different typologies and features.

CC7- The outcome is the better understanding of the International Relations including development, environment, terrorism migration etc. Various phases of Indian foreign policy and Sino-Indian relations are also be introduced which can be applied in many phases.

SECA1 – The term legal illiteracy indicates lack of primary knowledge of law and legal implications. So, the absence of prior knowledge of law is responsible for exploitation, deprivation of rights and benefits. The main objective of the course is to provide fundamental knowledge of legal institutions, organization and practices.

Semester 4

CC 8- Indian Political Thought II

CC9- Global Politics since 1945

CC10- Western Political Thought and Theory I

Course Outcomes-

CC8- The student will be able to understand Radical Humanism, Socialist thoughts of Narendra Deva, Ram Monohar Lohia, Jayaprakash Narayan, Colonial and post-colonial thoughts of Syed Ahmed Khan and Iqbal. Students will be able to evaluate the ideas of nation by Savarkar and Jinnah, caste system and Phule-Ambedkar on untouchability and views of social justice by Pandita Ramabai.

CC9- The students will be able to grasp the ideas on cold war and its evolution and major institutions of global governance such as World Bank, WTO, ASEAN, OPEC, SAFTA, SAARC and BRICS and West Asia and Palestine question and the background of UNO.

CC10- With this course, students will understand an overview of Greek political thought, Roman political thought, medieval political thought and contribution of Machiavelli and Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau and Bodin.

Semester 5-

CC11- Western Political Thought and Theory II

CC12 –Political Sociology

DSEA1- Gender and Politics

DSEB1- Foreign Policy in a Globalising World

Course Outcomes-

CC11- The outcome of the course is to understand Utilitarianism of Bentham, liberty of John Stuart Mill, concept of Civil Society and State of Hegel, Freedom and Obligation by T.H.Green and Utopian and Scientific Socialism, Anarchism and Cultural Marxism.

CC12- The course outcome is the analytical understanding of social bases of politics such as Political Sociology, Political Culture, Political Cooperation and Communication and Social Stratification including Caste, Class, Tribe, Religion and Gender and Elite and Military and politics and electorate and electoral behavior.

DSEA1-Gender and Politics has been a matter of great concern across the globe and within the country. This is an introductory course to the study of politics from a gender perspective. The course aims to introduce students to the fields of gender and politics by introducing the various concepts related to it and also presenting main contributions of feminist theories to the analysis of states, institutions, policymaking and politics. By the end of the course students will be able to understand the relationship between the gender and politics, the differences between Sex and Gender and the meaning of feminism.

DSEB1- Increasing globalization and interdependence between nations across the globe has enhanced the need for healthy diplomatic relations amongst all countries. Today, a sound and strategic foreign policy is crucial for having a voice in international platforms, for effective trade and investments, and for achieving consistent domestic progress. India's foreign policy has developed greatly since independence. Policies for forming global interactions progressed from being principled to goal-driven and objective orientated. After completion of the course, a student is expected to have a clear idea about the evolution of Indian foreign Policy from a Postcolonial state to an aspiring global power and the relation between USA and the USSR/Russia, China and other states from South Asia and India's role in the contemporary multi-polar world.

Semester 6

CC13 Public Administration

CC14 Administration and Public Policy in India

DSEA3 Public Policy in India

DSEB3 Citizenship in a Globalising World

Course Outcomes

CC13- The students would be able to appreciate the different aspects of Public Administration and related issues in the globalized era.

CC14- The outcome is to evaluate the aspects of scopes and opportunities of Public Administration in India and local Self-Government, Planning, Budget and citizen and administration.

DSEA3- This course will explore policies, political economy, social movements and economic liberalism.

DSEB3- This course will explore theories of citizenship, the historical development of the concept and its practice of in an increasingly globalized world.